

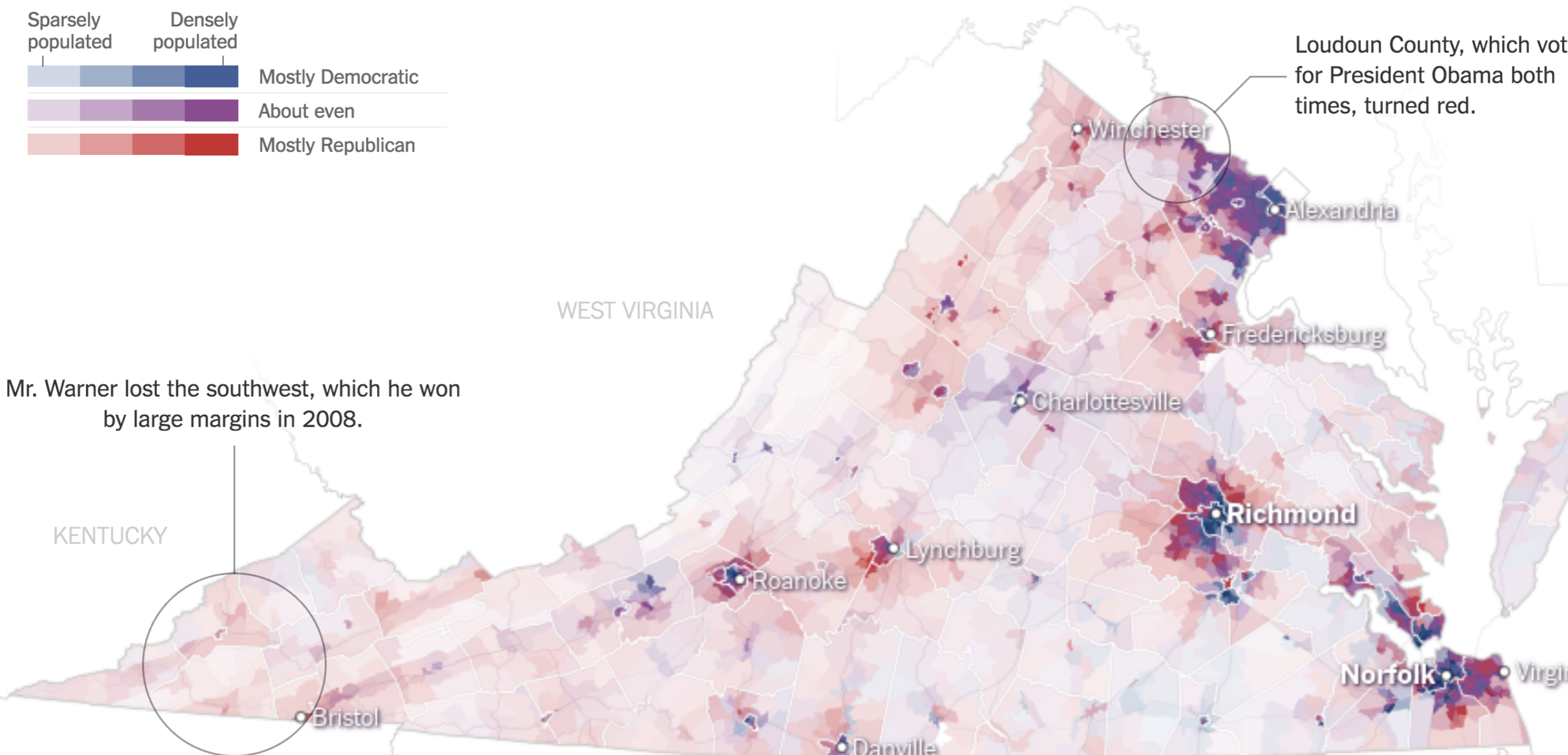
Cartography

CSC444

Announcements...

- TCE website open - please fill it out!

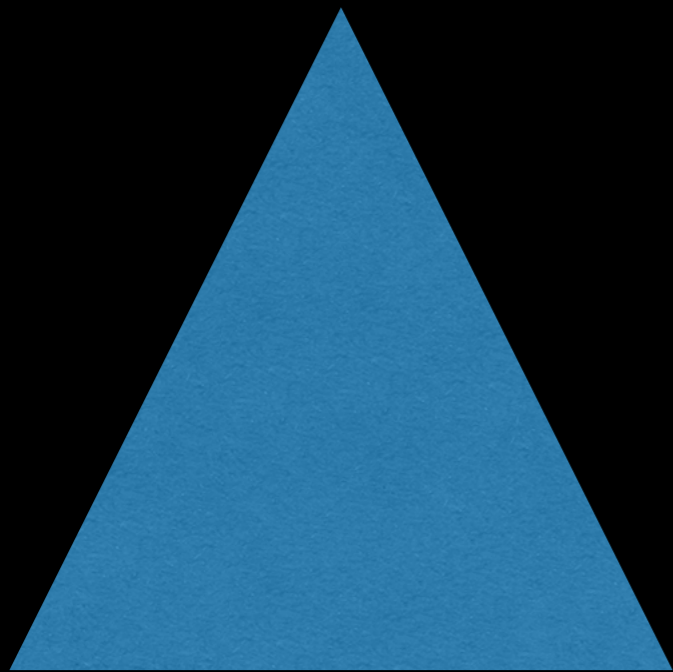
Why draw a map, and why isn't it trivial?



The world is not flat!



What do the internal angles
of a triangle sum to?



The world is not flat!



If you walked
your way out of
Tucson, forever
going east,
would you be
walking in a
straight line?



The world is not flat!



Let's Make a Map

In this tutorial, I'll cover how to make a modest map from scratch using [D3](#) and [TopoJSON](#). I'll show you a few places where you can find free geographic data online, and how to convert it into a format that is both efficient and convenient for display. I won't cover [thematic mapping](#), but the map we'll make includes labels for populated places and you can extend this technique to geographic visualizations such as [graduated symbol maps](#) and [choropleths](#).

Without further ado, here's the map:



<https://bost.ocks.org/mike/map/>

Map Projections

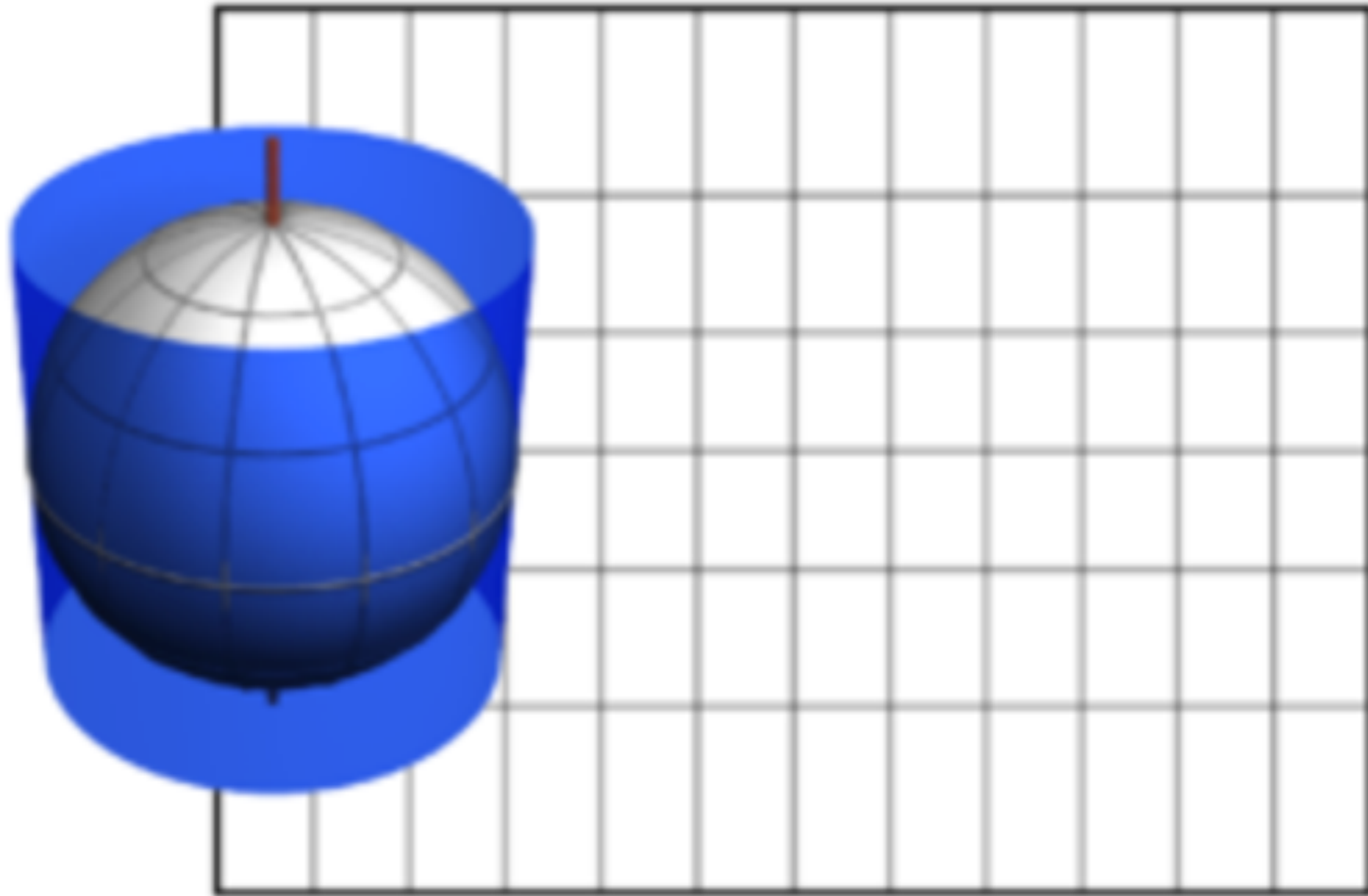
<https://www.jasondavies.com/maps/transition/>

What properties do we want projections to preserve?

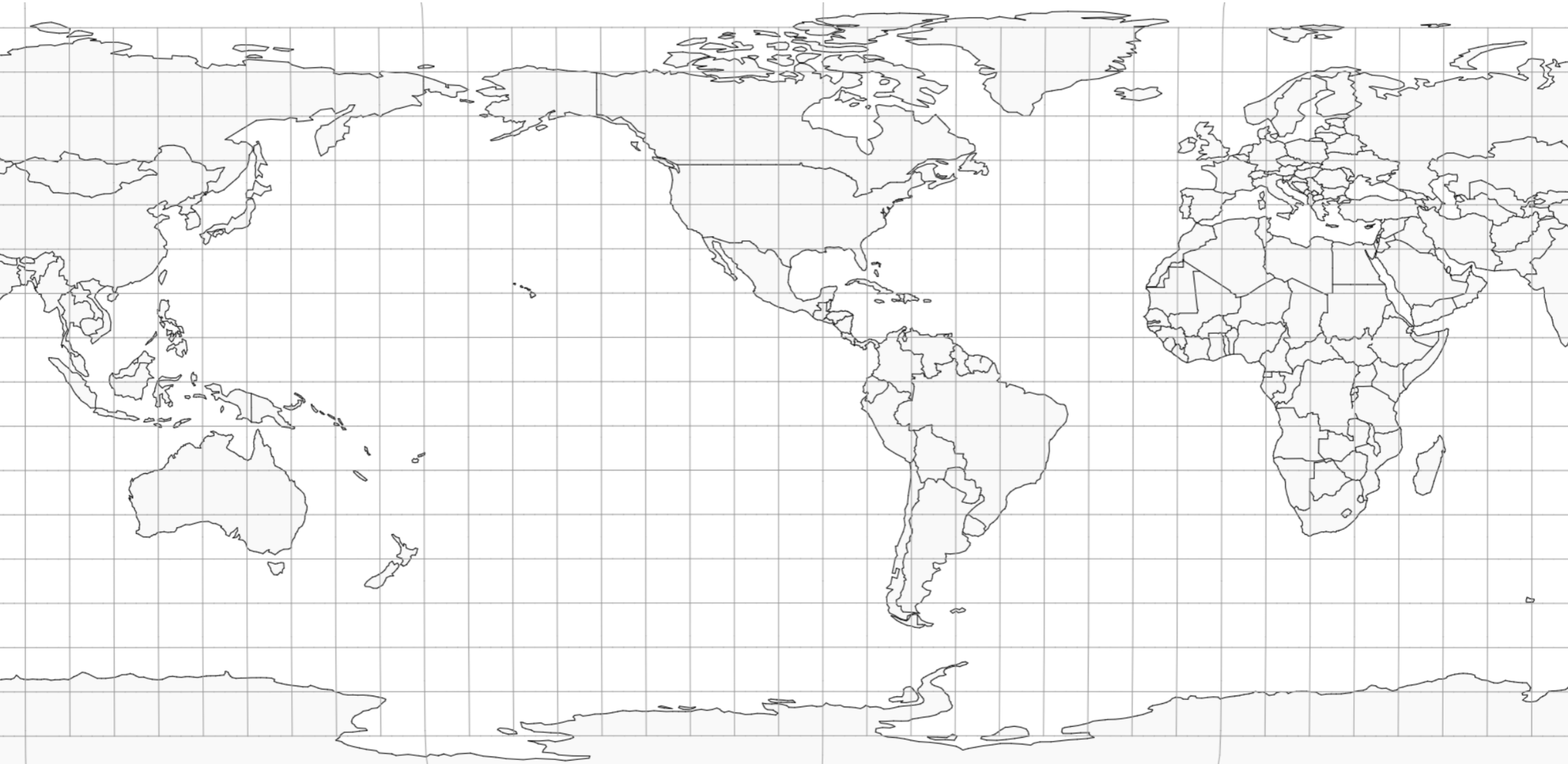
- Shape
- Bearing
- Area
- Distance

Can we preserve all of
these at once?

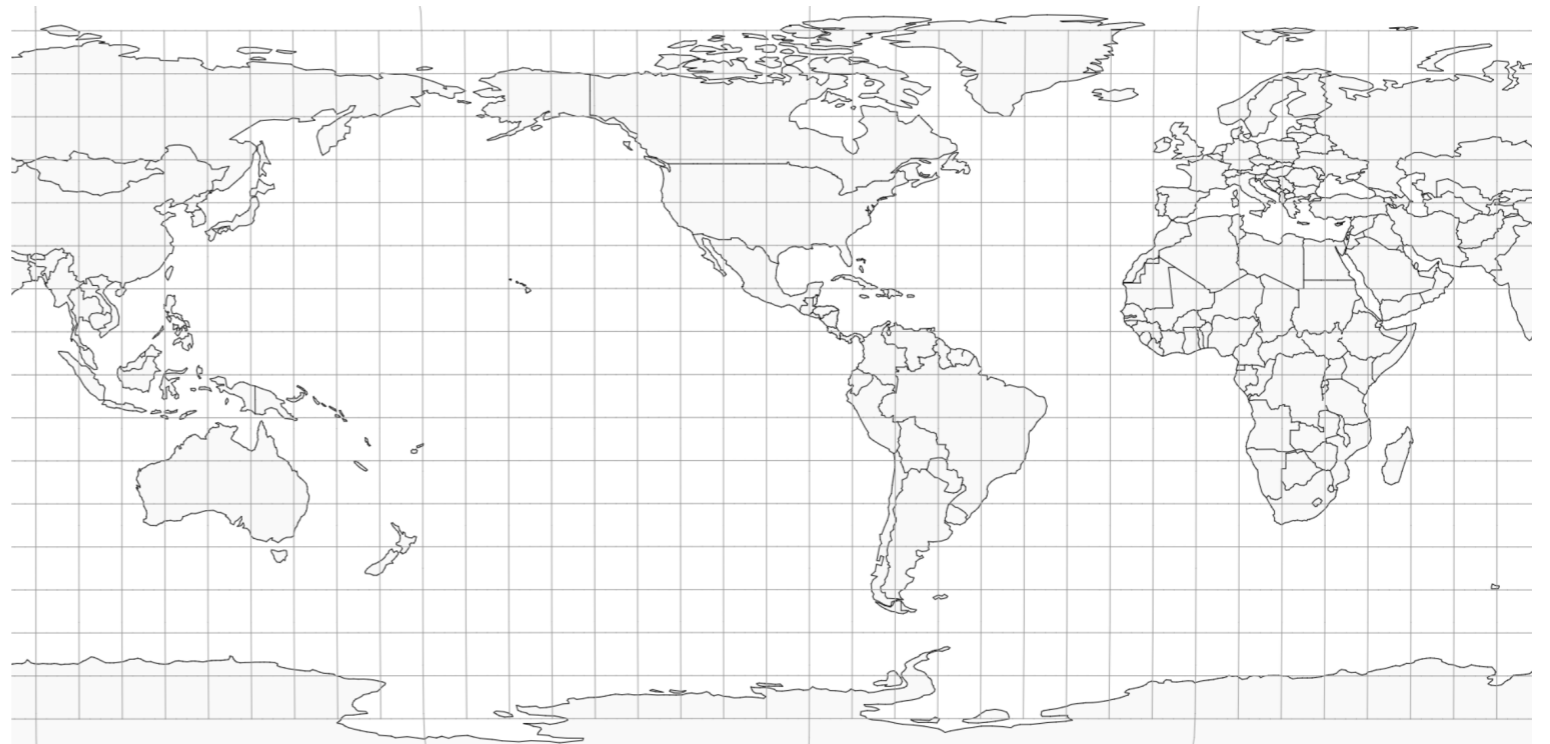
Cylindrical Projections



Equiarectangular Projection



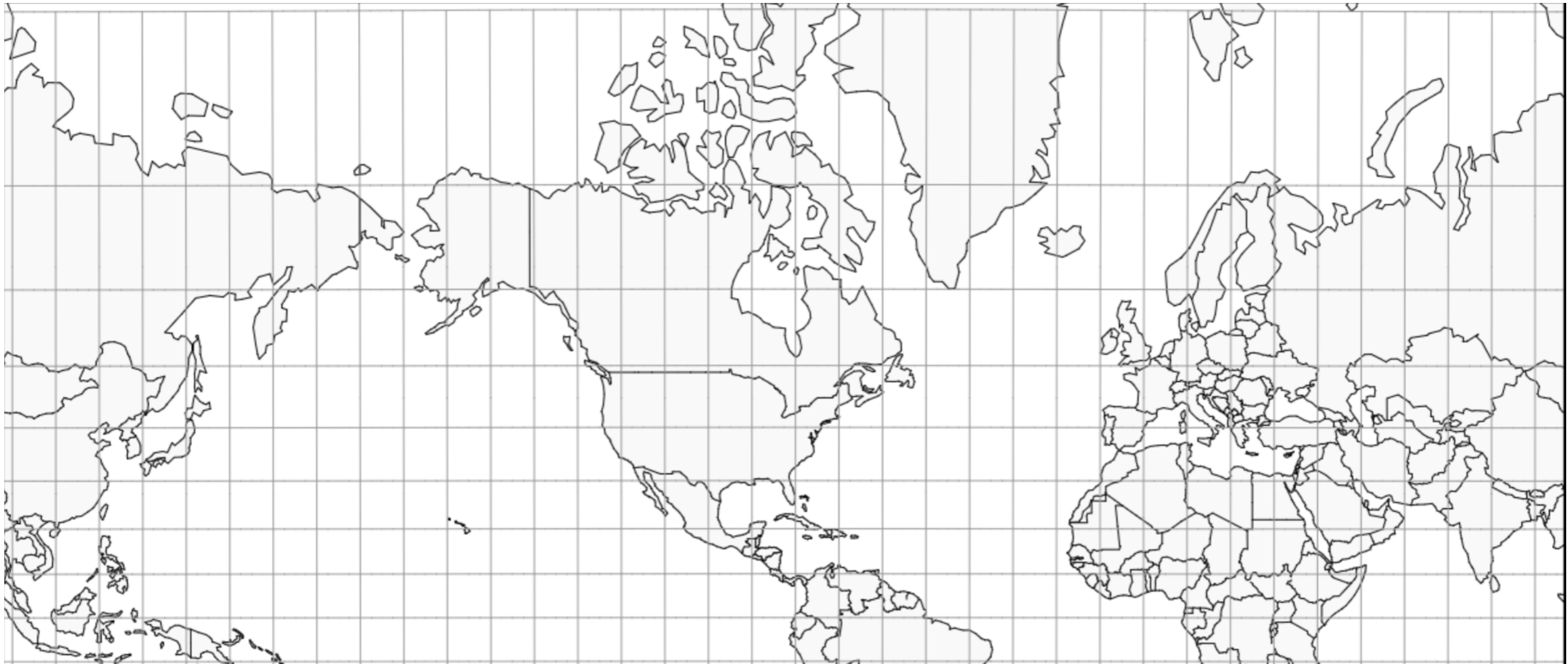
Equiarectangular Projection



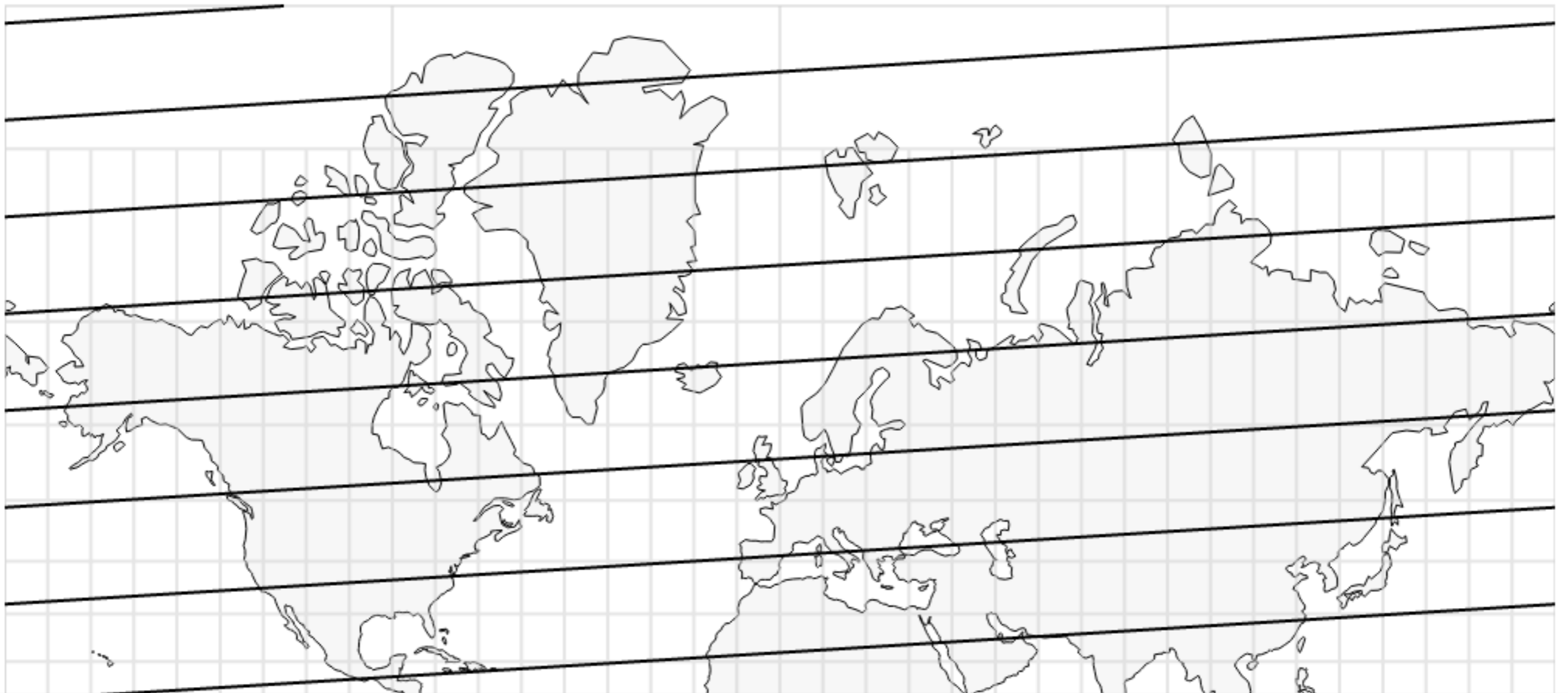
- $y = \text{lat}$
- $x = \text{long}$
- Preserves lat and long

Mercator Projection

- Preserves **local shape**
- **“conformal”**: angles are preserved



- Bearing: following a compass direction makes a straight line in the Mercator projection



Arctic Ocean

Arctic Ocean

Sizes?



Greenland

Iceland

Canada

United States

Mexico

Venezuela

Colombia

Peru

Brazil

Bolivia

Chile

Argentina

North Atlantic Ocean

South Atlantic Ocean

South Pacific Ocean

Indian Ocean

Finland

Sweden

Norway

United Kingdom

Poland

Germany

France

Spain

Italy

Ukraine

Turkey

Iraq

Iran

Saudi Arabia

Algeria

Libya

Egypt

Mali

Niger

Nigeria

Sudan

Chad

Ethiopia

DR Congo

Kenya

Tanzania

Angola

Namibia

Botswana

South Africa

Madagascar

Russia

Kazakhstan

Mongolia

China

South Korea

Japan

Afghanistan

Pakistan

India

Thailand

Indonesia

Papua Guinea

Australia

<http://thetruesize.com/>

Sizes?



Greenland

Iceland

Finland

Sweden

Norway

Russia

United Kingdom

Poland

Germany

Ukraine

Kazakhstan

Mongolia

France

Italy

Spain

Turkey

China

Japan

Canada

United States

North Atlantic Ocean

Iraq

Iran

Afghanistan

South Korea

Mexico

Algeria

Libya

Egypt

Saudi Arabia

India

Thailand

Venezuela

Colombia

Brazil

Peru

Bolivia

Chile

Argentina

Mali

Niger

Sudan

Ethiopia

Nigeria

Chad

Kenya

DR Congo

Tanzania

Angola

Namibia

Botswana

South Africa

Madagascar

Indonesia

Papua New Guinea

Australia

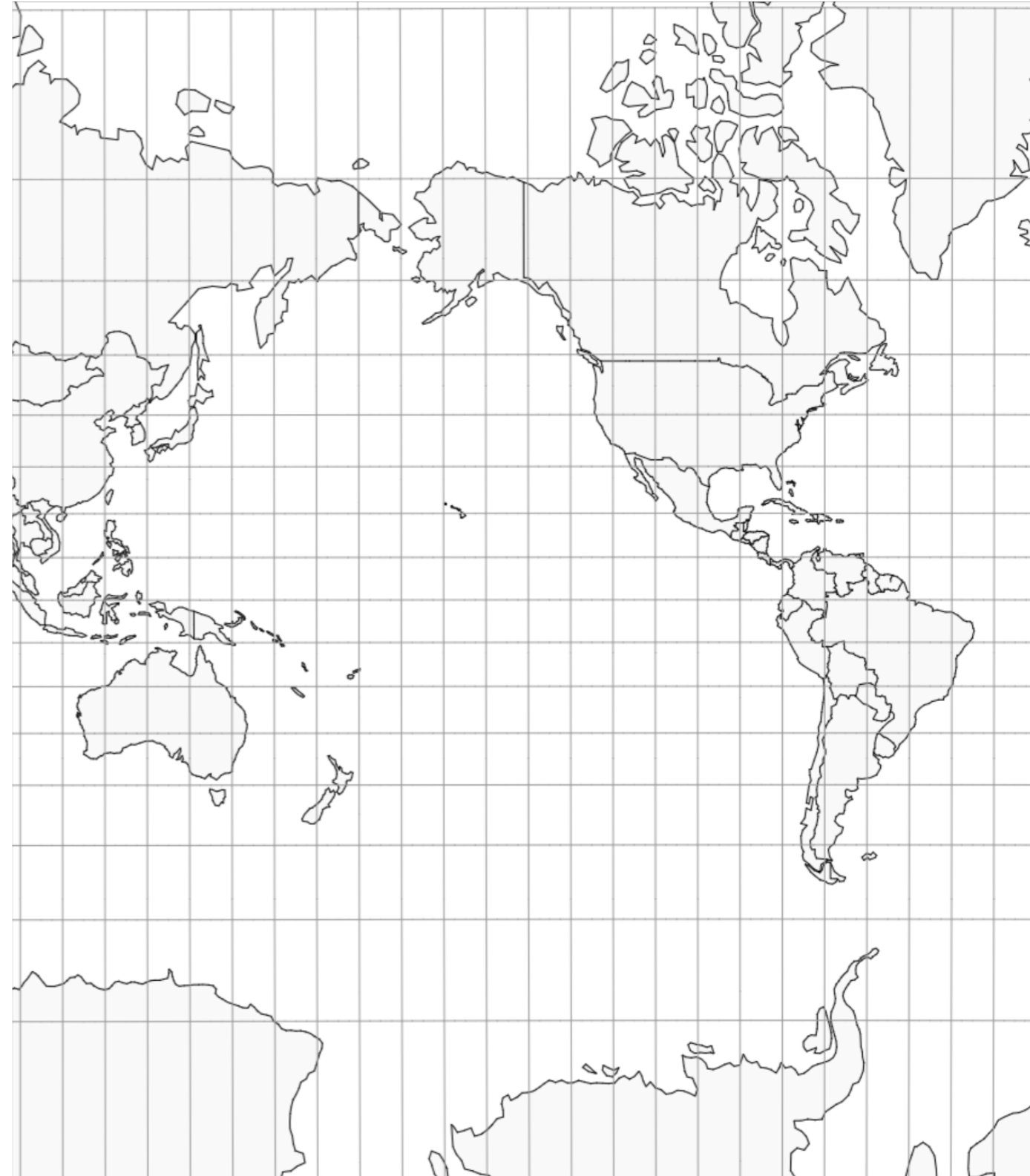
South Pacific Ocean

South Atlantic Ocean

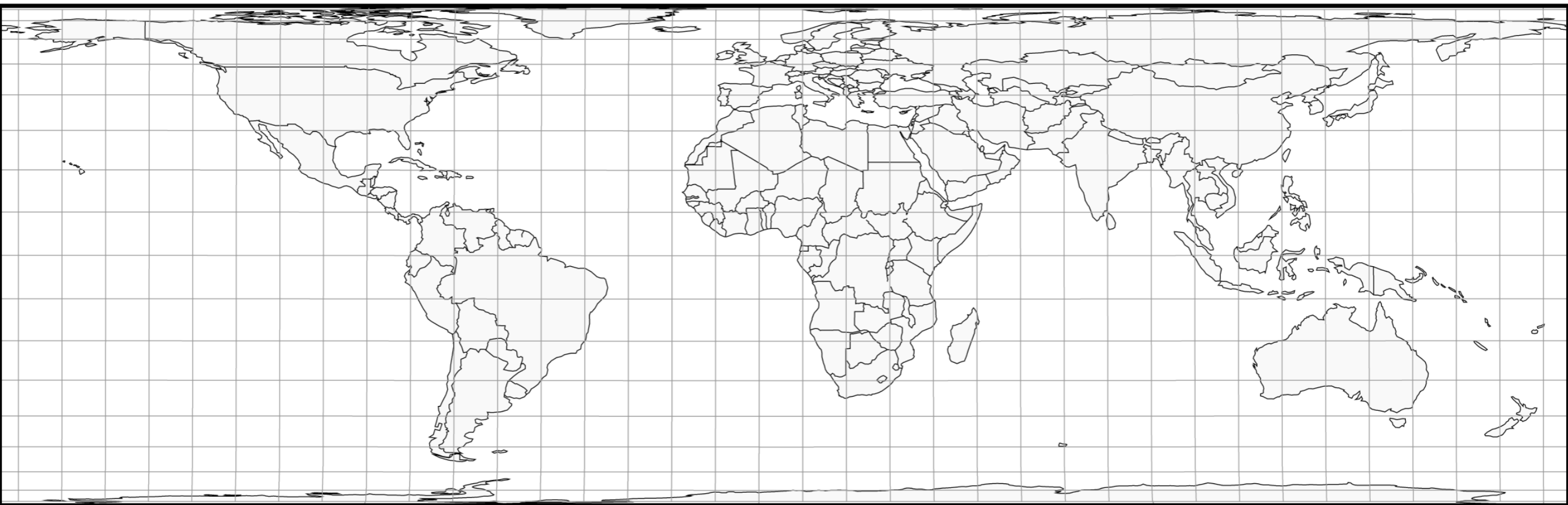
Indian Ocean

Mercator Projection

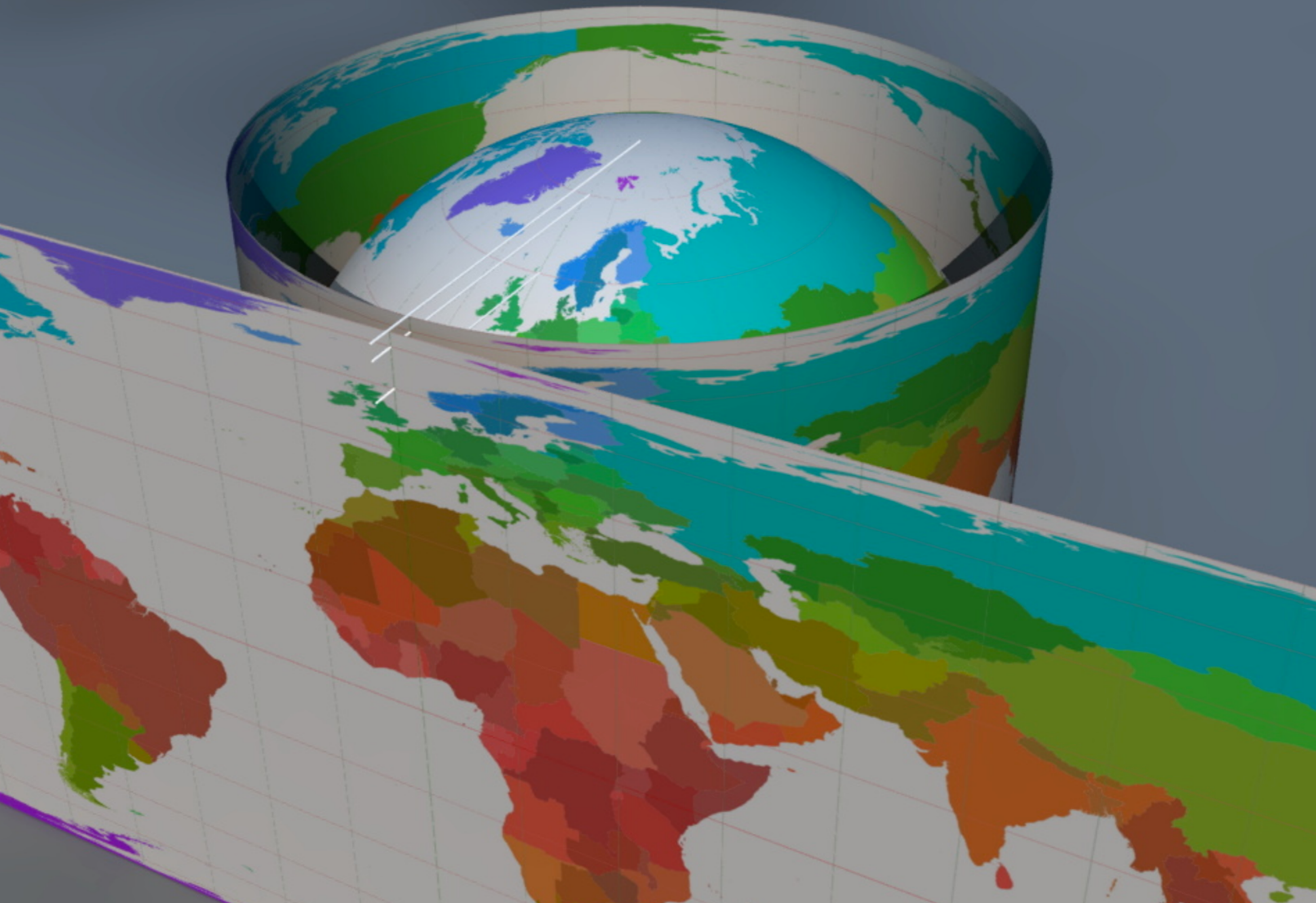
- $y = \log (\tan (45 + \text{lat}/2))$
- $x = \text{long}$



Lambert's Cylindrical Equal-Area Projection



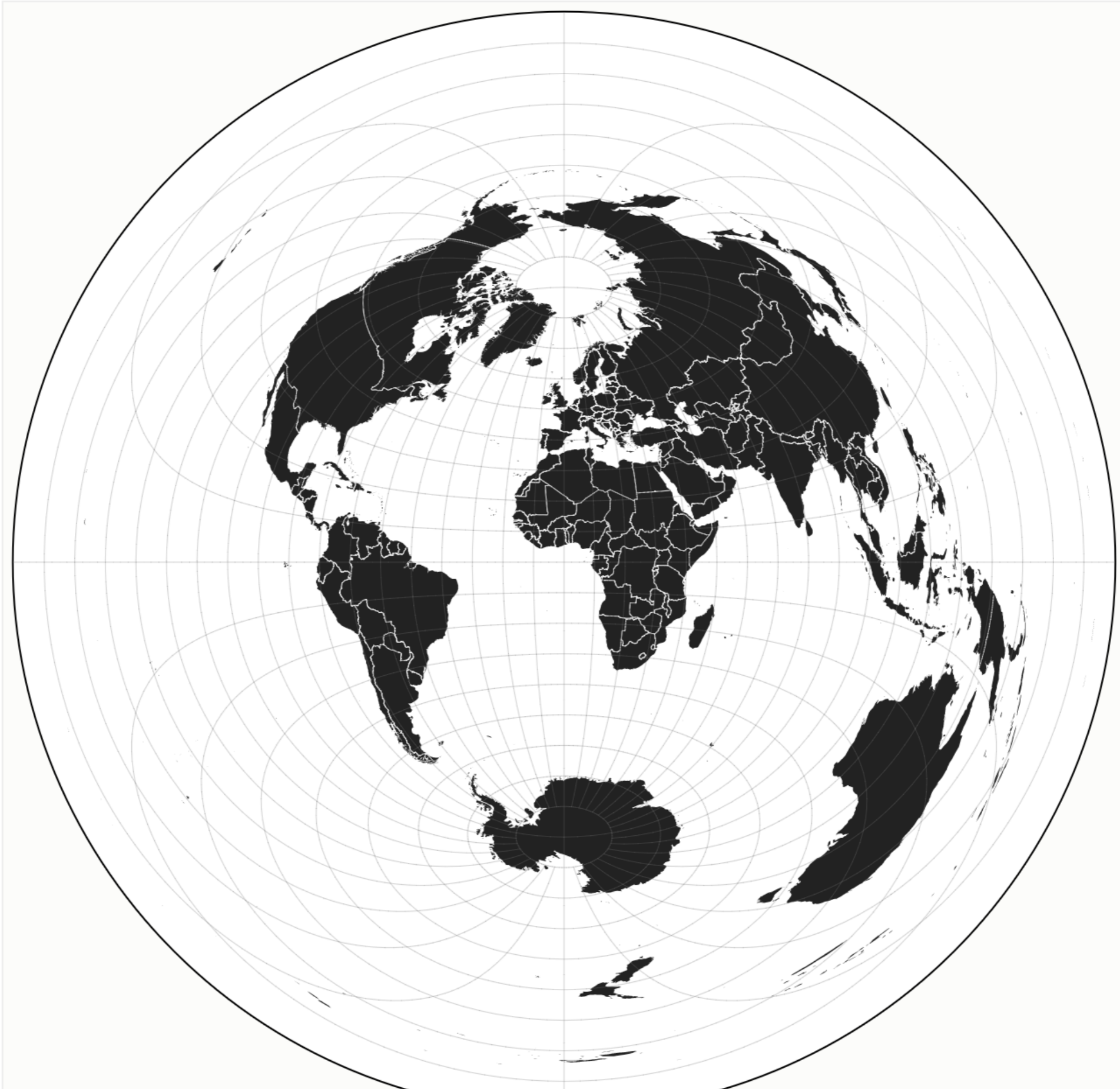
- $y = \sin(\text{lat})$
- $x = \text{long}$



Azimuthal Projections (“Directional” Projections)

Directions from center point are preserved

Azimuthal Equidistant



Lambert Azimuthal Equal-Area



Polar Azimuthal Equal-area



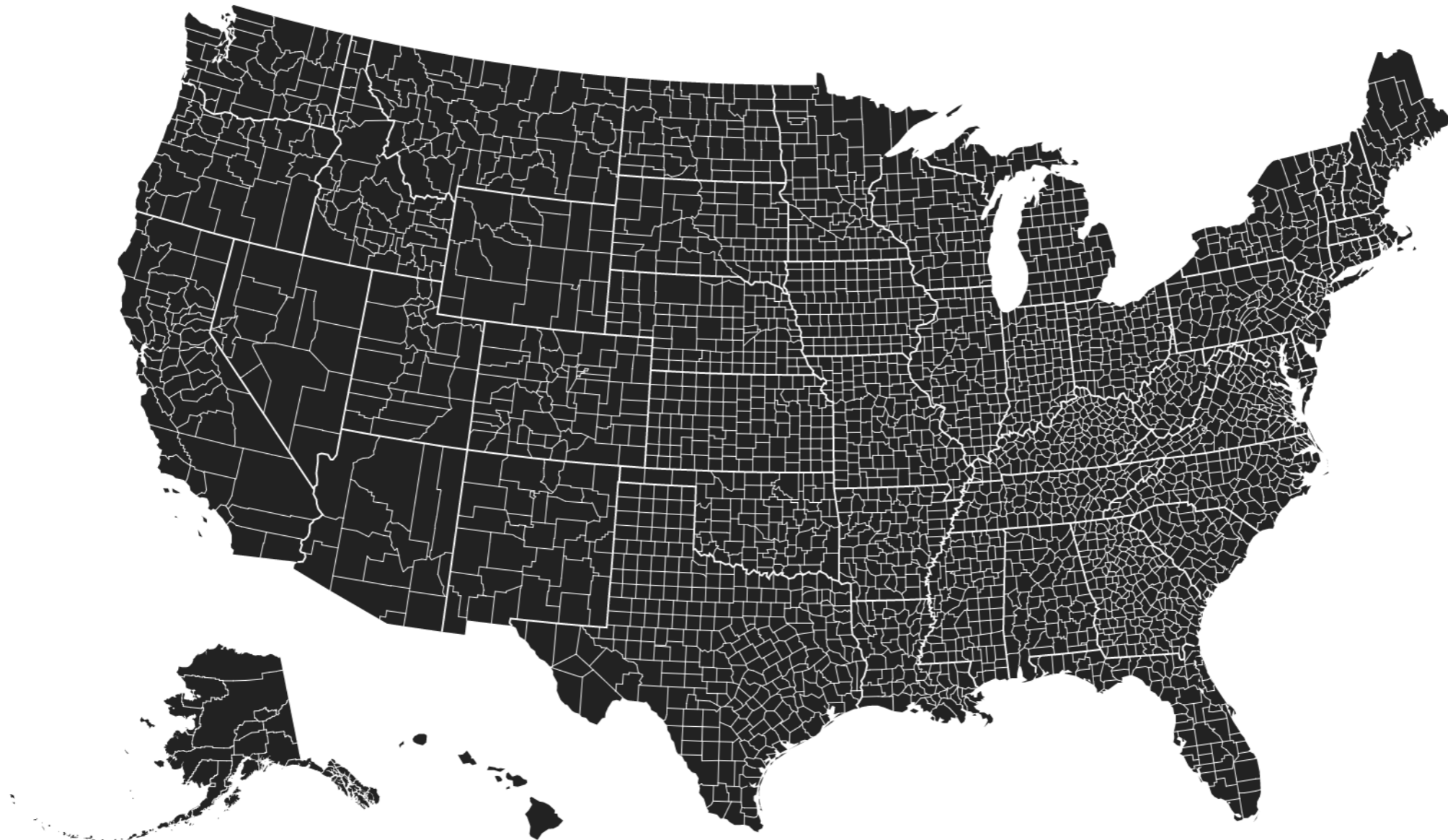
More complex projections

Albers: Conic, equal-area



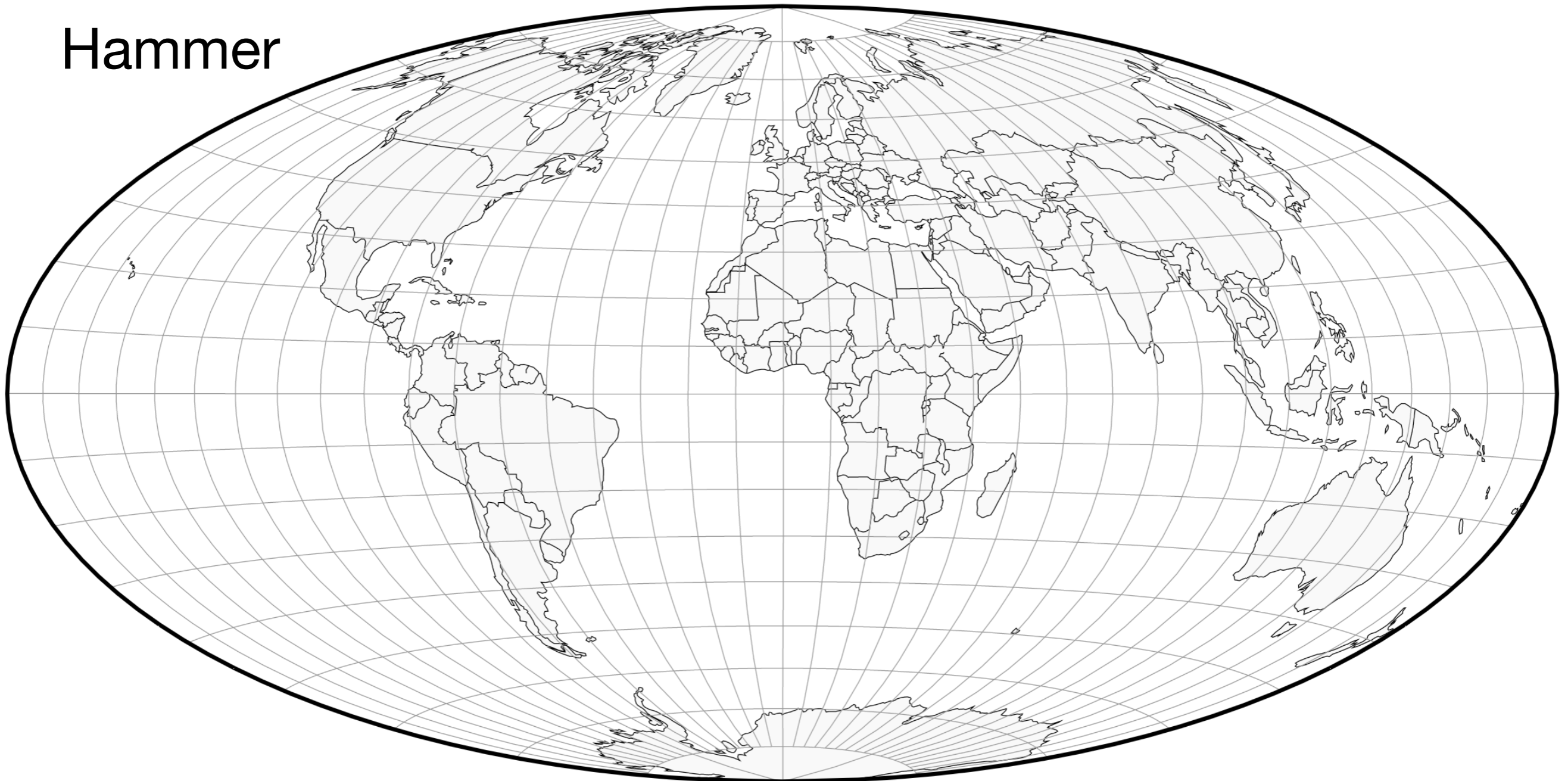
More complex projections

Composite Albers projection
used by the USGS and Census Bureau



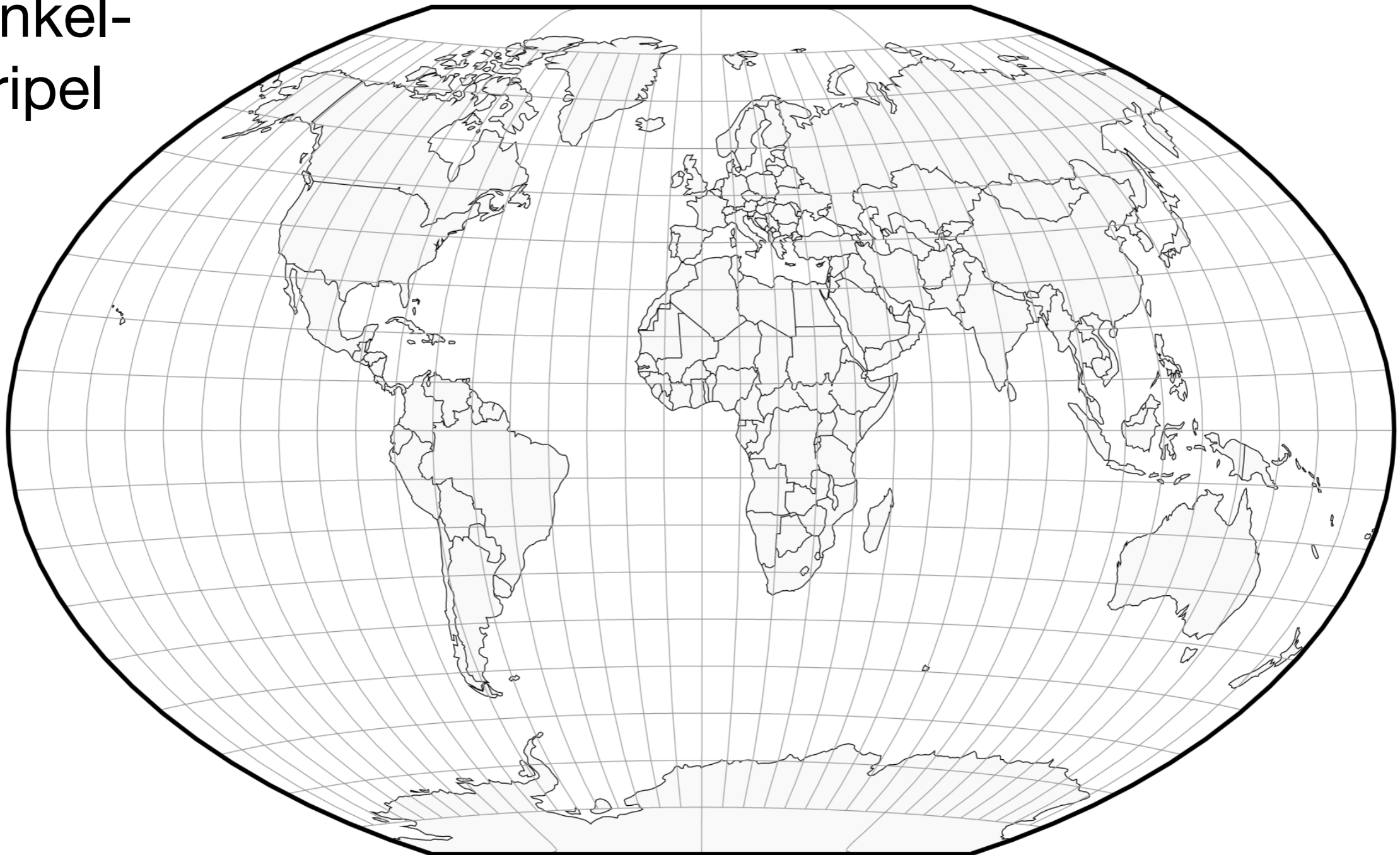
More complex projections

Hammer



More complex projections

Winkel-
Tripel



Many, many, many more...

Mollweide Hemispheres



Interrupted Mollweide



Eckert-Greifendorff



Van der Grinten IV



Laskowski Tri-Optimal



Bromley



Wagner IV



Interrupted Sinu-Mollweide



Interrupted Boggs Eumorphic



Boggs Eumorphic



Maurer No. 73



Hill Eucyclic



Natural Earth



Tobler World-in-a-Square



Hobo-Dyer



Baker Dinomic



Flat-Polar Sinusoidal



Flat-Polar Quartic



Flat-Polar Parabolic



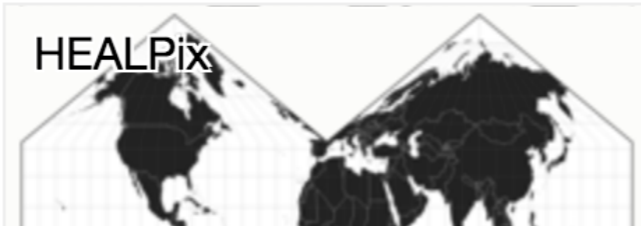
Craster Parabolic



Wagner VII



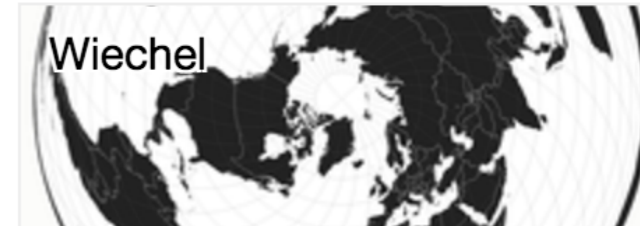
HEALPix



Quartic Authalic



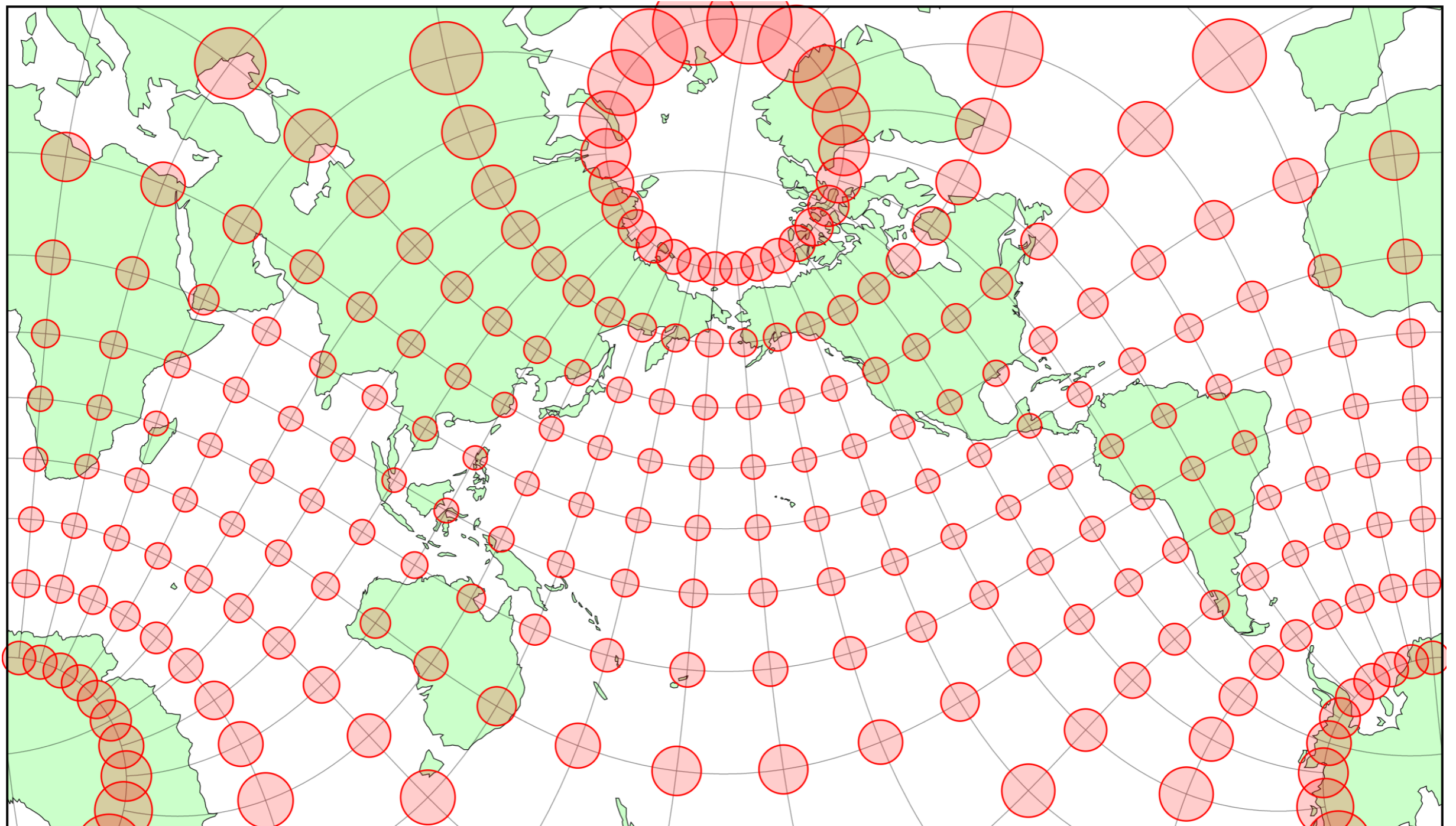
Wiechel



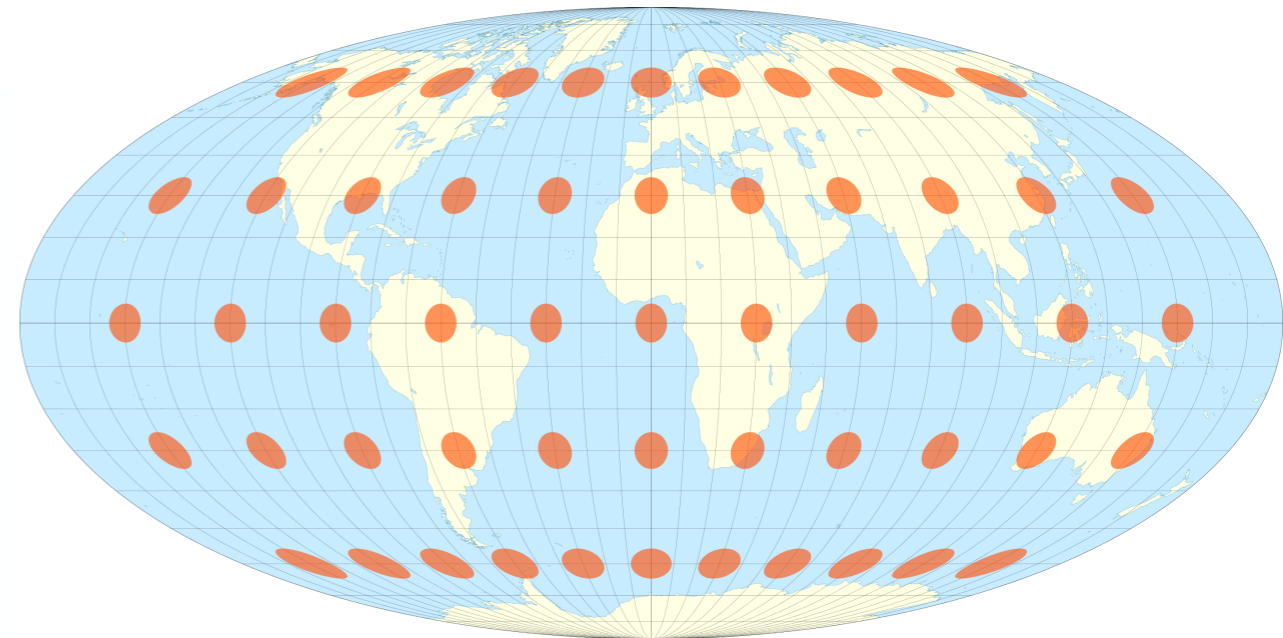
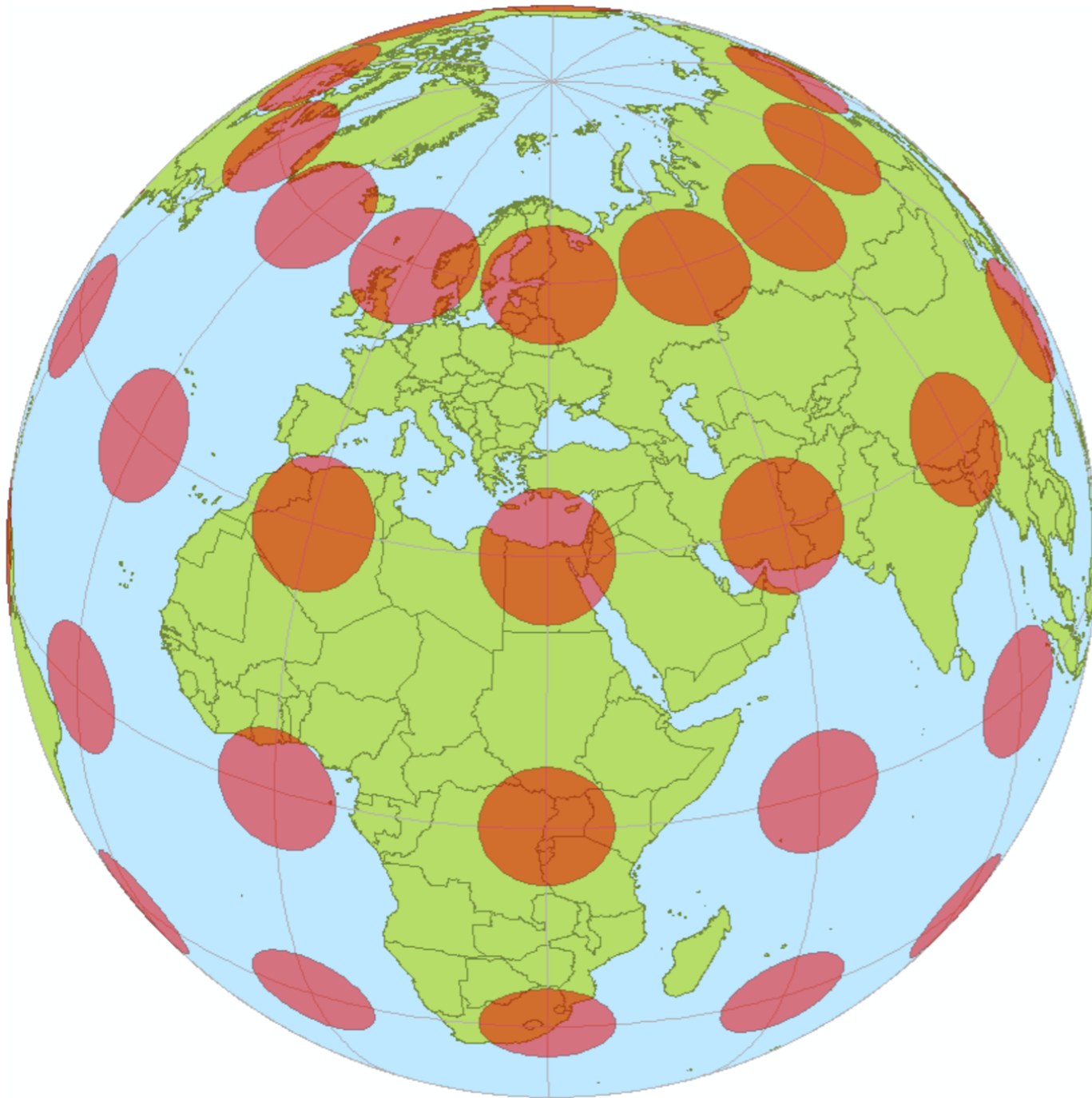
How do we compare
projections?

Tissot's Indicatrix

<https://www.jasondavies.com/maps/tissot/>



Tissot's Indicatrix



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mollweide_projection

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tissot%27s_indicatrix

Cartograms

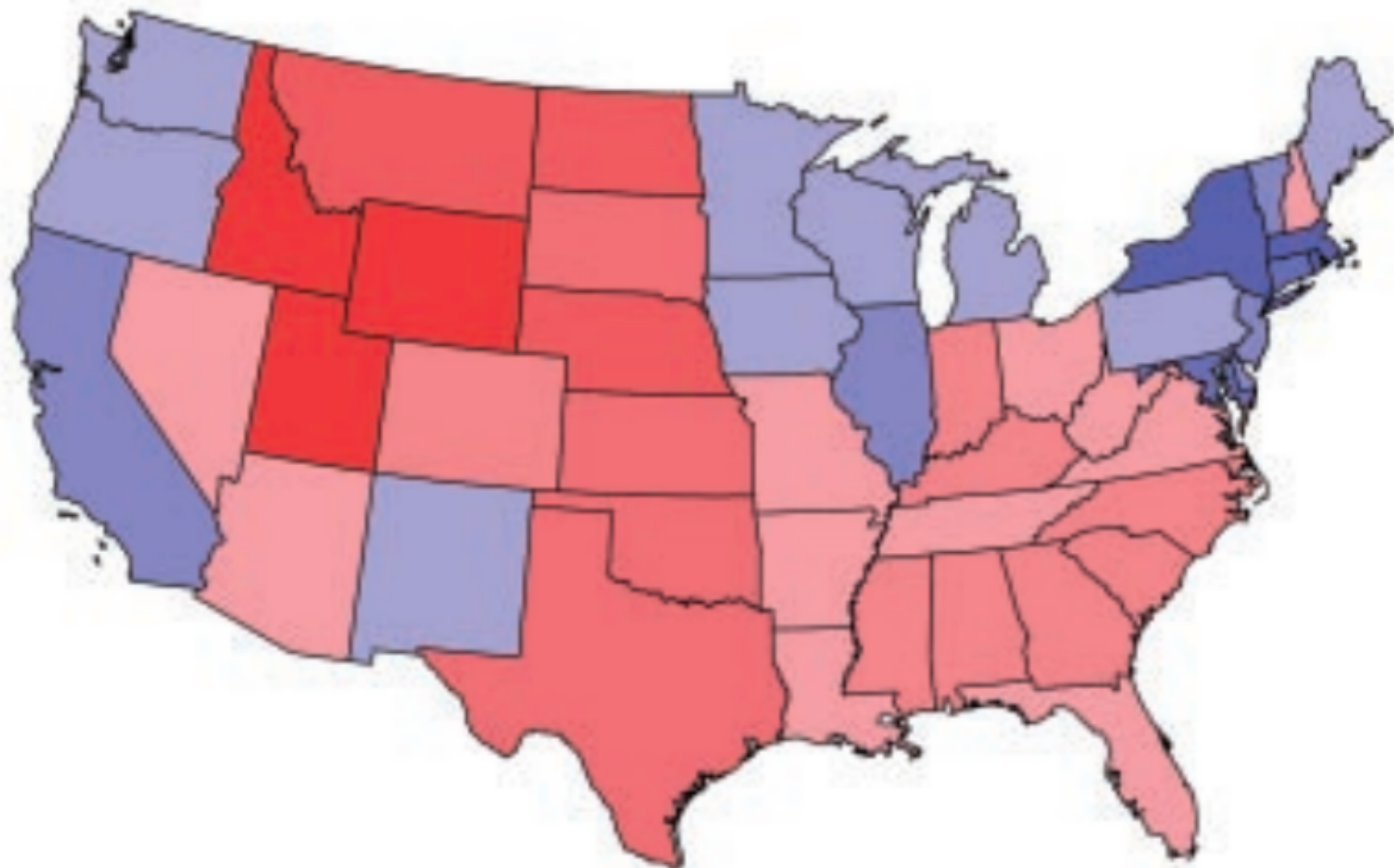
Distort maps explicitly
to use area as channel

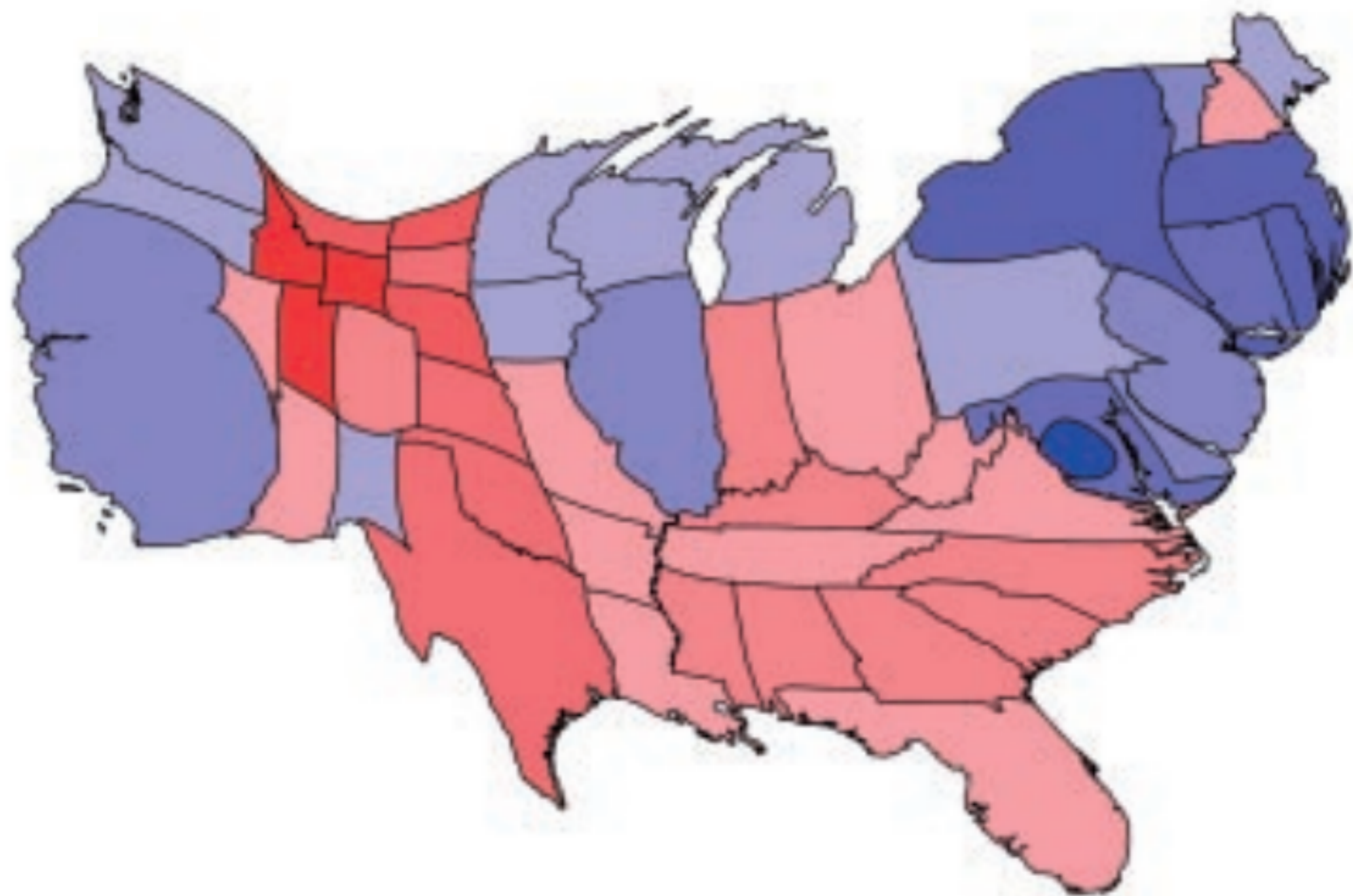
NUMBER OF PERSONS 65 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1970



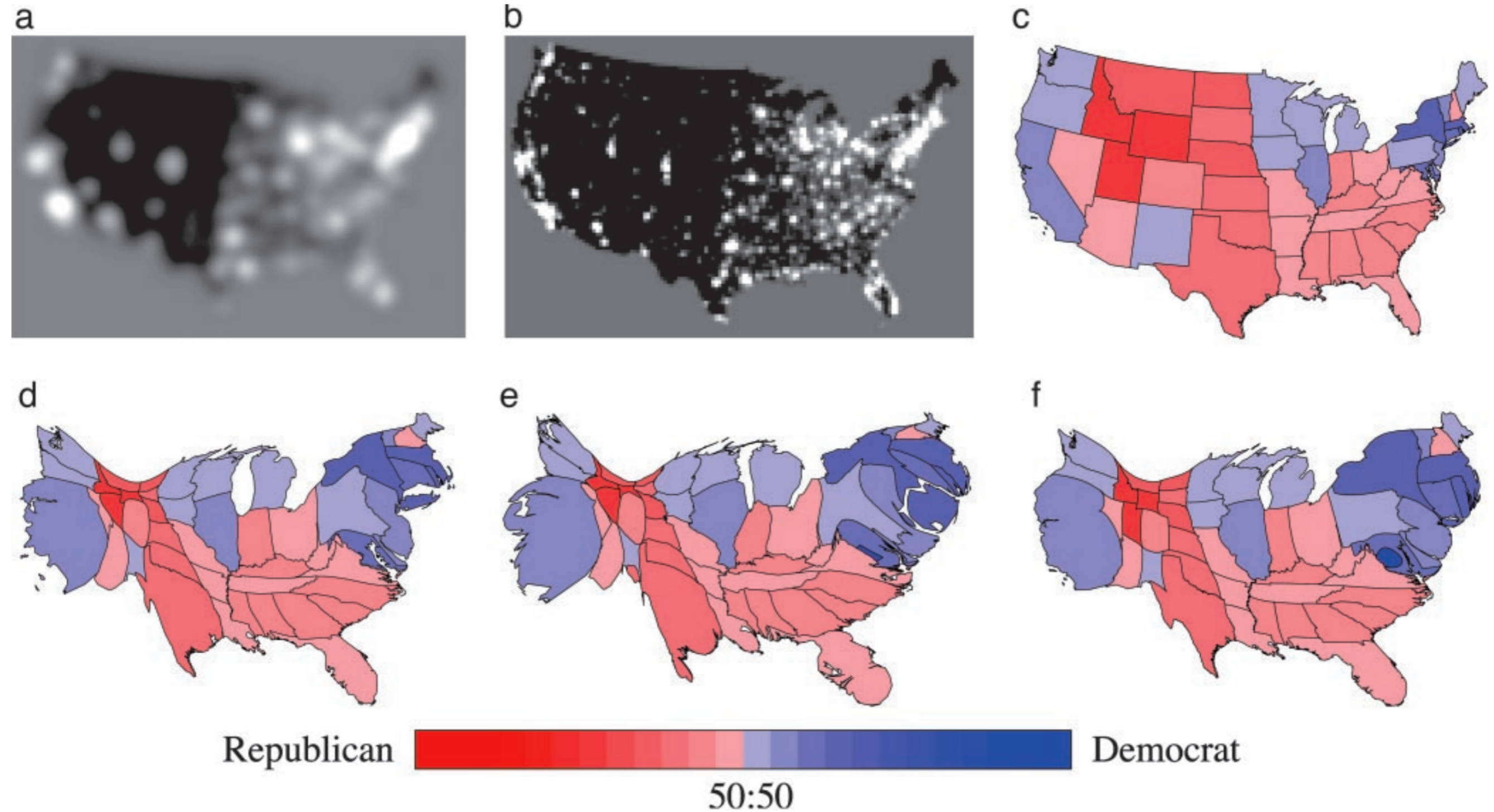
■ 100,000 Persons 65 and over

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census



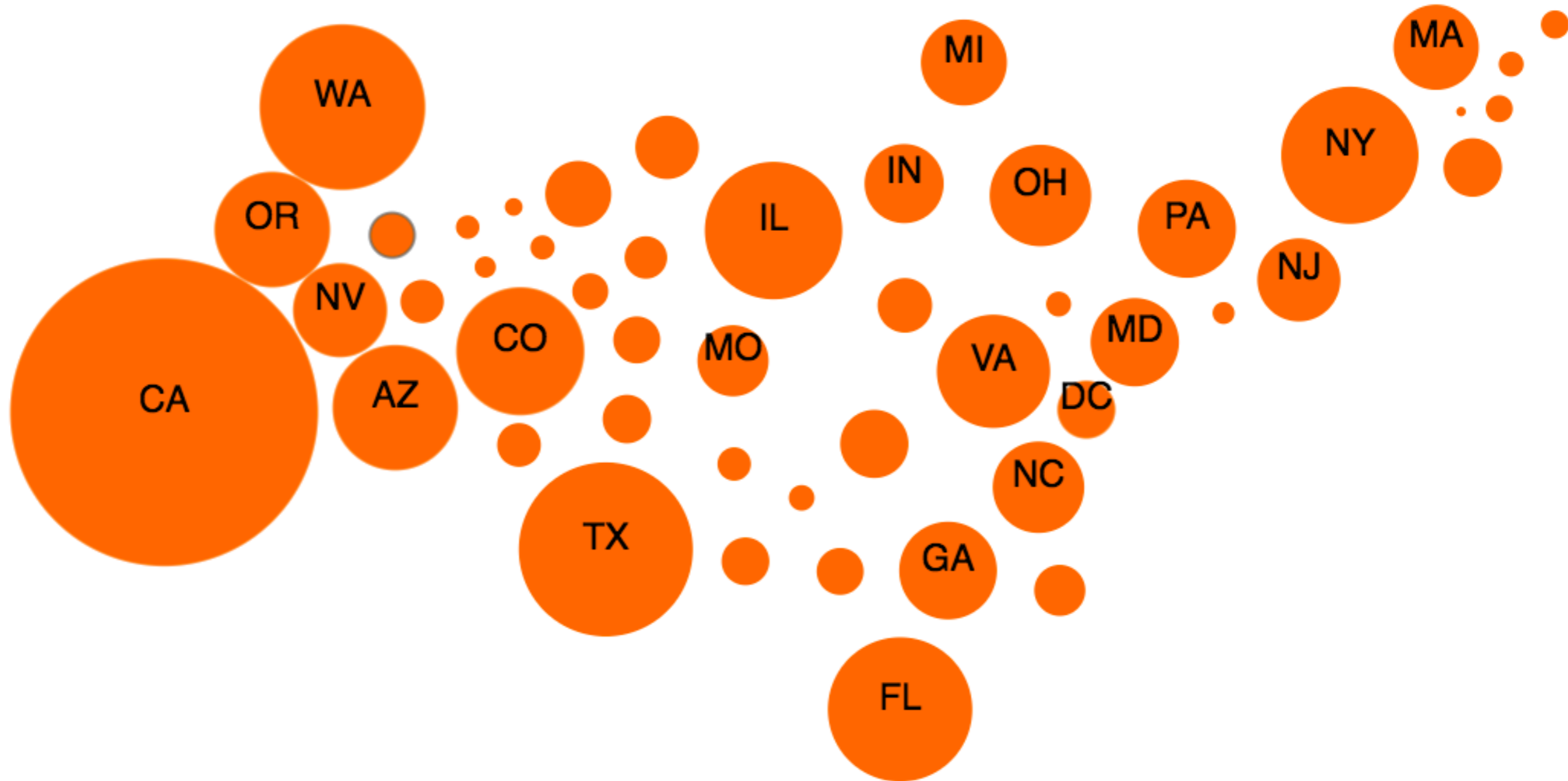


Gastner & Newman: Diffusion-based method for producing density-equalizing maps



<http://www.pnas.org/content/101/20/7499.full.pdf>

Dorling Cartograms: Turn shapes into Circles



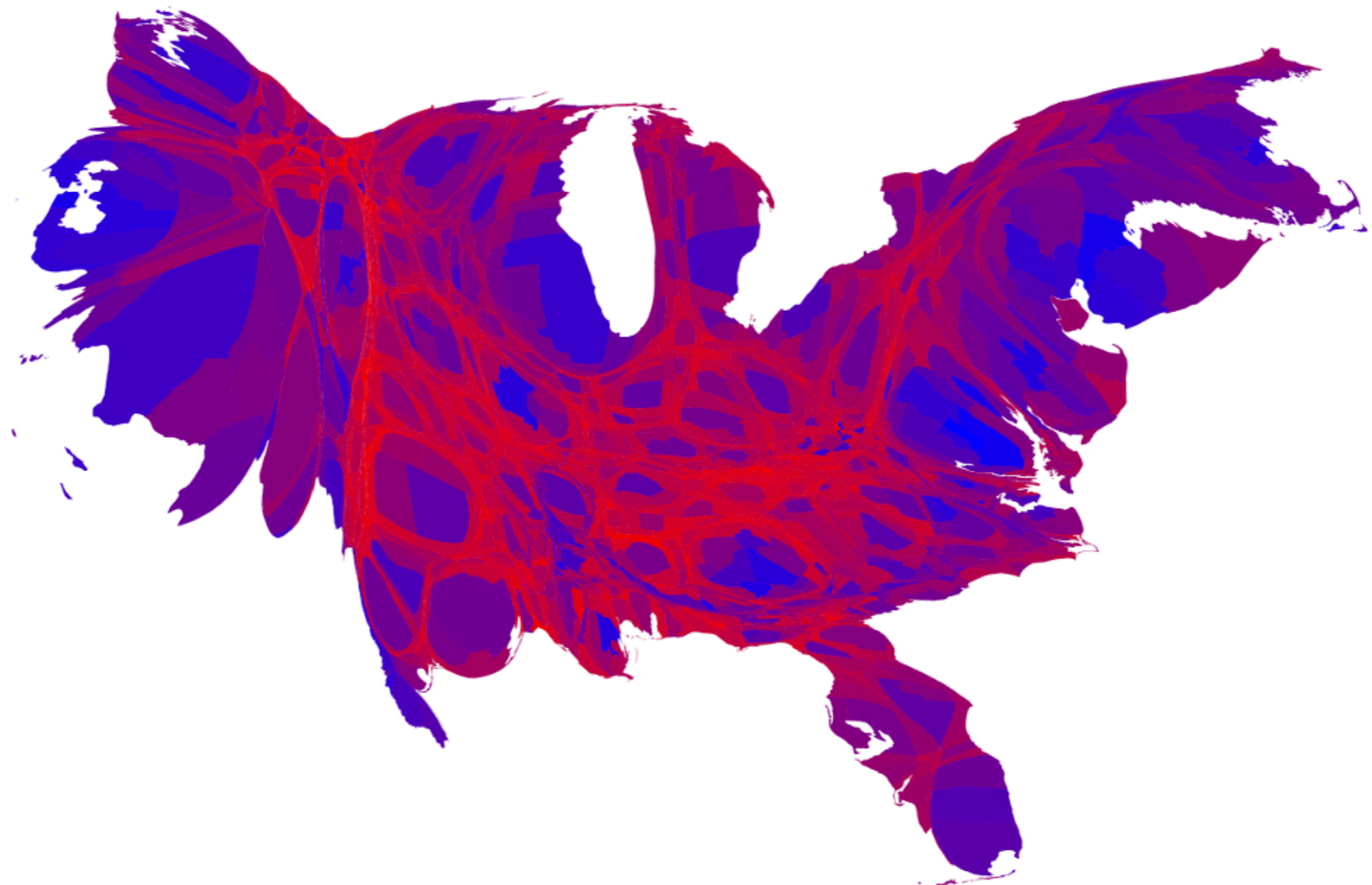
Starbucks per state in the US

Let's implement
Dorling Cartograms

Limitations

- What can we encode with area?
- What do we want to preserve?
 - What happens with extreme distortions?

Limitations



Limitations